FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2022

WITH

Independent Auditors' Report

DRAFT COPY

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2022

WITH

Independent Auditors' Report

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2022

WITH

Independent Auditors' Report

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Trustees Bracken County Public Library Brooksville, Kentucky

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Bracken County Public Library as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Library's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Bracken County Public Library as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Bracken County Public Library and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Bracken County Public Library's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the

aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Bracken County Public Library's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion
 is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Bracken County Public Library's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and the schedules for pension and other postemployment benefits plans, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 1, 2023, on our consideration of the Bracken County Public Library's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bracken County Public Library's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Bracken County Public Library's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Bramel & Ackley, P.S.C.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Year Ended June 30, 2022

This discussion and analysis of Bracken County Public Library's financial performance provides an overview of the Library's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Please review it in conjunction with the attached financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- At the close of the fiscal year, the Library's net position was \$2,102,349, an increase of \$31,435, or 1.52%, from FY 2021.
- In the governmental funds, total revenues during the fiscal year increased by \$60,778 and total expenditures increased by \$179,389. The increase in revenues was primarily due to an increase in property taxes and franchise taxes collected. The increase in expenses was primarily due to a major project in the Children's Wing.
- At the close of the fiscal year, the Library's governmental fund balance was \$1,017,795, a decrease of \$10,127 or 0.99%, from FY 2021.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The Management Discussion and Analysis serves as an introduction to the Library's basic financial statements. The Library's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also includes other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the Library as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Library's finances.

One of the most important questions to ask is whether the Library is in better financial shape as a result of the year's activities. The two government-wide financial statements help answer this question. These two statements include all revenues, expenditures, assets and liabilities.

These two statements report the Library's net position and changes in them. The change in net position – the difference between assets [what the Library owns] and liabilities [what the Library owes] – is one way to measure the Library's financial health or position. Over time, increases and decreases in the Library's net position is one indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating. However, in evaluating the overall health of the Library, non-financial factors such as improvements in services and capacity, also must be considered.

Fund Financial Statements

The Balance Sheet and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance provide more detailed information about the Library's funds rather than the Library as a whole. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Currently the Library has two funds.

General Fund - The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Year Ended June 30, 2022

Construction Fund – The Construction Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide an expanded explanation that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Library's budget. This information can be found on pages 35 through 37 of this report.

Basis of accounting

All funds of the Bracken County Public Library are maintained using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is recommended by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE LIBRARY AS A WHOLE

The Library's combined net position increased between FY 2021 and FY 2022 by \$31,435 or 1.52%. The majority of the Library's assets (59.19%) are invested in capital assets. Table 1 below shows a summary of the net position for FY 2022 and FY 2021.

The vast majority (99.14%) of revenue supporting all governmental activities is general revenue. The most significant portion of the general revenue is local property tax. The remaining amount of revenue received was in the form of program revenues, which equaled \$4,789 or 0.86% of total revenue. Table 2 on page 5 shows the change in net position for FY 2022 and FY 2021.

Table 1
Net Position

	Governmental Activities			
	FY 2022	FY 2021		
Current assets	\$ 1,035,560	\$ 1,032,930		
Capital assets	1,502,041	1,441,278		
Total assets	2,537,601	2,474,208		
Deferred outflows of resources	114,394	126,006		
Total assets and deferred outflows	2,651,995	2,600,214		
Current liabilities	17,765	5,008		
Long-term liabilities	437,373	503,501		
Total liabilities	455,138	508,509		
Deferred inflows of resources	94,508	20,791		
Total liabilities and deferred inflows	549,646	529,300		
Invested in capital assets, net of debt Unrestricted	1,502,041 600,308	1,441,278 629,636		
Total net position	\$ 2,102,349	\$ 2,070,914		

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Year Ended June 30, 2022

Table 2 Change in Net Position

	Governmental Activities		
	_FY 2022	FY 2021	
Program Revenues			
Charges for services	\$ 1,239	\$ 1,370	
Operating grants and contributions	3,550	2,050	
General Revenues			
Taxes – real estate, property and motor vehicle	544,080	482,756	
Investment earnings	825	1,053	
Miscellaneous	<u>8,616</u>	10,533	
Total Revenues	558,310	497,762	
Program Expenses			
Personnel	250,694	257,153	
Depreciation	96,756	95,270	
Facility	37,890	30,828	
Automation	21,277	27,186	
Other	65,338	27,144	
Maintenance	22,133	31,624	
Materials	18,466	21,319	
Program	4,345	957	
Loss on disposal of capital assets	9,976		
Total Expenses	526,875	491,481	
Increase in Net Position	\$ <u>31,435</u>	\$6,281	

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE LIBRARY'S FUNDS

At the close of the fiscal year, the Library's governmental funds reported balances of \$1,017,795, a decrease of \$10,127 from the previous year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Revenues - Actual general fund revenues were more than budgeted revenues by \$87,762, or 18.64%.

Expenses – Actual general fund expenses were less than budgeted expenses by \$37,415, or 8.18%.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Year Ended June 30, 2022

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The Library's investment in capital assets equaled \$1,502,041 as of June 30, 2022. During the year, capital assets valued at \$167,725 were added while depreciation during the period was \$96,756. Further information about the Library's capital assets can be found in Note 4 on page 19 of this report.

Long-term Debt

At fiscal year-end, the Library had no long-term borrowing debt.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

In the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2022, general operating revenues are expected to be \$460,400. \$442,800 is budgeted for real estate, personal property, motor vehicle, and telecommunication taxes (96.17% of the total general operating revenue) based on estimates from the Kentucky Department for Local Government and the Kentucky Department for Libraries and Archives. In order to maintain service at the current level, the Board approved a tax rate of 9.20 cents per \$100 assessed valuation of real property, 9.20 cents per \$100 assessed valuation of motor vehicles.

The remaining 3.83% of the general operating revenue is composed of four miscellaneous sources. Of these categories, charges for services (which include fines and fees for late library materials, book sales, coffee income and passport filing fees) represents \$1,000, or 0.22% of the general operating revenue, interest on deposits represents \$900, or 0.20% of the general operating revenue, state aid represents \$15,500, or 3.37%, and other miscellaneous sources represents \$200, or 0.04%.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Library's finances and demonstrates the Library's accountability for all money it receives. Please direct any questions you have about this report to Christian Shroll, Director, Bracken County Public Library, 310 West Miami Street, Brooksville, KY 41004 or by calling 606-735-3620.

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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2022

	Primary Government	
	Governmental Activities	
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 778,337	
Certificates of deposits	254,474	
Taxes receivable	2,749	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	1,502,041	
Total assets	2,537,601	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows related to pension plan	54,922	
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	59,472	
Total deferred outflows of resources	114,394	
Total assets and deferred outflows		
of resources	2,651,995	
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	8,000	
Accrued wages	2,006	
Accrued payroll taxes	7,759	
Long-term liabilities: Net pension liability Net OPEB liability		
Net pension liability	336,386	
Total liabilities	455,138	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows related to pension plan	48,100	
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	46,408	
Total deferred inflows of resources	94,508	
Total liabilities and deferred inflows		
of resources	549,646	
NET POSITION		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	1,502,041	
Unrestricted	600,308	
Total net position	\$ 2,102,349	
total net position	\$ 2,102,349	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended June 30, 2022

Functions	F	Expenses		Program	Revenues Operat Grants Contribu	and	Reven Changes in To	xpenses) ues and Net Postion otal nmental
Governmental Activities								
Personnel	\$	250,694	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(250,694)
Depreciation		96,756		-		-		(96,756)
Facility		37,890		-		-		(37,890)
Automation		21,277		-		-		(21,277)
Other		65,338		-		_		(65,338)
Maintenance		22,133		-		-		(22,133)
Materials		18,466		-		-		(18,466)
Programs Loss on disposal of capital assets Revenue Total governmental	A	4,345 9,976		1,239		3,550	Y	(4,345) (9,976) 4,789
activities	MACON CONTROL OF THE PARTY OF T	526,875	***************************************	1,239		3,550		(522,086)
		EVENUES: Id property ta	VAC					478,690
	otor vehicle		XCS					65,390
	estment ea							825
	scellaneous	~						8,616
1711		, eral revenue	es					553,521
	Change in	n net positio	n					31,435
NET	POSITIO	N, BEGINN	ING				No.	2,070,914
NET	POSITIO	N, ENDING	<u> </u>				\$	2,102,349

BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2022

- ASSETS -		General	Constr Fu	ruction and	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents Certificates of deposit Taxes receivable	\$	778,337 254,474 2,749	\$	- - -	\$	778,337 254,474 2,749
Total assets	\$	1,035,560	\$			1,035,560
- LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES -						
Accounts payable Accrued wages Accrued payroll taxes	\$	8,000 2,006 7,759	\$F) //		8,000 2,006 7,759
Total liabilities		17,765		-		17,765
FUND BALANCES: Unassigned	<i>-</i>	1,017,795	***************************************			1,017,795
Total fund balances		1,017,795		-		1,017,795
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,035,560	\$	_	\$	1,035,560

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2022

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$	1,017,795
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in the governmental funds. Cost of capital assets Accumulated depreciation	•	54,637 52,596)	1,502,041
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. Net pension liability Net OPEB liability		66,386	(437,373)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB are applicable to future periods and therefore are not reportable in the governmental funds Deferred outflows of resources Deferred inflows of resources		4,394 94,508) 	19,886
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$	2,102,349

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2022

DEVENIUE		General	Co	onstruction Fund	Go	Total vernmental Funds
REVENUES: Property taxes	\$	479 600	ď		¢	479 600
Motor vehicle taxes	Ф	478,690 65,390	\$	-	\$	478,690 65,390
Grants		3,500		_		3,500
Miscellaneous income		8,846		_		8,846
Library fines and fees		1,239		_		1,239
Investment earnings		825		_		825
Donations		50		_		50
Total revenues		558,540		-		558,540
EXPENDITURES:						
Salaries and wages		158,068		-		158,068
Book collection expense		48,921		-		48,921
Employee benefit - retirement		35,555		-		35,555
Health insurance		28,276		-		28,276
Legal and professional		23,455		-		23,455
Automation		22,696		-		22,696
Maintenance and repairs		22,133				22,133
Utilities	-	20,196		ינשו	\bigvee	20,196
Public relations		11,799				11,799
Insurance - other		11,636				11,636
Miscellaneous		11,049		-		11,049
Library and office supplies Furniture and equipment		10,866		-		10,866
Payroll taxes		7,598 4,982		-		7,598 4,982
Meetings and training		4,344		<u>-</u>		4,344
Security		3,053		<u>-</u>		3,053
Telephone		3,004		_		3,004
Unemployment		2,411		_		2,411
Workers' compensation		2,201		_		2,201
Postage		217		-		217
Capital outlay		-		136,207		136,207
Total expenditures		432,460		136,207		568,667
Excess revenues (expenditures)		126,080		(136,207)		(10,127)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in		-		136,207		136,207
Transfers out		(136,207)		-		(136,207)
Net other financing sources (uses)		(136,207)		136,207		
Net change in fund balances		(10,127)				(10,127)
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		1,027,922	***********			1,027,922
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	1,017,795	\$	-	\$	1,017,795

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances -Total Governmental Funds		\$	(10,127)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the Statement of Net Assets and allocated over their estimated lives as annual depreciation expenses in the Statements of Activities. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceed depreciation, proceeds from disposal of capital assets and losses on disposal of capital assets in the period.			
Capital outlay for capital assets \$	167,725		
Depreciation expense	(96,756)		
Proceeds from disposal of capital assets Loss on disposal of capital assets	(230) (9,976)		
Loss on disposition cupital assets	(9,970)		60,763
Governmental funds report employer pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employer contributions are reported as pension expense. This is the amount by which cost of benefits earned exceeded employer contributions.			,
Employer contributions	27,930		
Cost of benefits earned	(43,495)		
		•	(15,565)
Governmental funds report employer OPEB contributions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of OPEB benefits earned net of employer contributions is reported as OPEB expense. This is the amount by which cost of benefits earned exceeded employer contributions.			
Employer contributions	7,625		
Cost of benefits earned	(11,261)		
	(,01)		(3,636)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$	31,435

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Bracken County Public Library (Library) was established pursuant to the provisions of Kentucky Revised Statutes Chapter 173, to serve all areas of Bracken County through its library and bookmobile services on August 13, 1990. The Library is located in Brooksville, Kentucky.

The Library is designated a Special Taxing District by the Commonwealth of Kentucky and derives its revenues from locally assessed taxes, from State aid, and grant funds. Due to its type of organization, the Library is exempt from federal and state income taxes.

The Library Board of Trustees is comprised of five members who are residents of Bracken County. The existing governing board of trustees is for four-year terms. Annually, the Library is required to prepare a report of its financial and service activities, and submit the report to the State Department of Libraries and Archives and the County Fiscal Court.

The Library's basic financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations).

Governments are also required to follow the pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued through November 30, 1989 (when applicable) that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the Library are discussed below.

A. <u>Basic Financial Statements – Government-Wide Statements</u>

The Library's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the Library as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the Library's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. The Library currently has no funds that are classified as business-type activities.

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the Library as an entity and the change in the Library's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

B. <u>Basic Financial Statements – Fund Financial Statements</u>

The financial transactions of the Library are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

The following fund types are used by the Library:

1. Governmental Funds:

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the Library.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- **a. General fund** is the general operating fund of the Library and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.
- **b.** Construction fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment.

2. Fund Balances:

GASB Statement 54 provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on the Library's fund balances more transparent. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund balances can be presented in five possible categories:

Non-spendable – resources which cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – resources with constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or governmental laws or regulations or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – resources which are subject to limitations the Library imposes on itself at its highest level of decision making and that remain binding unless removed in the same manner.

Assigned – resources neither restricted nor committed for which a government has a stated intended use as established by the governing body or by an official to which the governing body delegates authority.

Unassigned – amounts that are available for any purpose. The General Fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount.

C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

1. Accrual:

The governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

2. Modified Accrual:

The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

the current period or within 60 days after year end. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt, if any, is recognized when due.

D. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of these financial statements, cash equivalents include time deposits and all highly liquid debt instruments with original maturities of three months or less.

F. Income Taxes

The Bracken County Public Library is a component of county government and is exempt from federal and state income taxes.

G. Capital Assets

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District's capitalization thresholds are shown below. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Capitalization		Estimated
Description	Th	reshhold	Lives
			(Years)
Land	\$	1	-
Land improvements		12,500	20
Buildings		10,000	40
Building improvements		10,000	10
Furniture and fixtures		2,500	8
Computers and equipment		1,000	5
Software		10,000	5
Vehicles		2,500	5
Books		1	5

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

H. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. The Bracken County Public Library had no long-term obligations at June 30, 2022.

I. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Kentucky Public Pension Authority's (KPPA) County Employees Retirement System (CERS) and additions to/deductions from CERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

J. Other Postemployment Benefits Plan (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the KPPA's Insurance Fund and additions to/deductions from KPPA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by KPPA. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

K. <u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>

The Library reports decreases in net position that relate to future periods as deferred outflows of resources in a separate section of its government-wide statement of net position. Deferred outflows of resources reported in this year's financial statements relate to the Library's pension plan and OPEB plan and include (1) contributions made to the Library's pension plan and OPEB plan between the measurement date of the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability and the end of the Library's fiscal year, (2) differences between the expected and actual experience, (3) changes in assumptions and (4) changes in the proportionate share of the Library's contributions to the pension fund and OPEB fund. The deferred amount related to the differences between expected and actual experience, changes in the proportionate share of the Library's contributions to the pension fund and OPEB fund, and changes of assumptions in the pension fund and OPEB fund will be recognized over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees participating in the plan. Deferred outflows for pension and OPEB contributions will be recognized in the subsequent fiscal year. No deferred outflows of resources affect the governmental funds financial statements in the current year.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

L. <u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>

The Library's statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element reflects an increase in net position that applies to a future period(s). Deferred inflows of resources reported in this year's financial statements relate to the Library's pension plan and OPEB plan and include (1) differences between the expected and actual experience, (2) changes in assumptions, (3) changes in the proportionate share of the Library's contributions to the pension fund and OPEB fund and (4) difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments. The deferred amount related to the differences between expected and actual experience, changes in the proportionate share of the Library's contributions to the pension fund and OPEB fund, and changes of assumptions in the pension fund and OPEB fund will be recognized over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees participating in the plan. The deferred amount related to the difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments will be recognized over a closed five-year period beginning in the current reporting period. No deferred inflows of resources affect the governmental funds financial statements in the current year.

M. <u>Use of Restricted Resources</u>

When an expense is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources (net position), the Library's policy is to first apply the expenditure toward restricted resources and then toward unrestricted resources. In governmental funds, the Library's policy is to first apply the expenditure toward restricted fund balance and then to other, less-restrictive classifications – committed and then assigned fund balances before using unassigned fund balances.

O. <u>Interfund Transactions</u>

Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

NOTE 2 – CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

The Library's deposits at June 30, 2022, consist of cash and certificates of deposit. The Library's deposits were partially insured by Federal Depository Insurance. Deposits in excess of the Federal Depository Insurance limit are to be collateralized with securities held by the bank, its trust department or by its agent, but not in the Library's name. The carrying amount of the Library's deposits with financial institutions at June 30, 2022 was \$1,032,810 and the bank balance was \$1,049,294. Of the total bank balance, \$380,400 was insured by Federal Depository Insurance and the remaining \$668,894 was collateralized with securities held by the financial institutions and pledged to collateralize the Library's deposits.

Kentucky Revised Statutes authorize Libraries to invest in obligations of the United States and its agencies, obligations of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and its agencies, shares in savings and loan associations insured by federal agencies, deposits in national or state charter banks insured by federal agencies, repurchase agreements, and larger amounts in such institutions providing such banks pledge as security obligations of the United States government or its agencies.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 3 – PROPERTY TAX CALENDAR

Property taxes for the year ended June 30, 2022 were levied in October 2021 on the assessed valuation of property located in Bracken County as of the January 1, 2021 lien date. The due date and collection periods for all taxes exclusive of vehicle taxes are as follows:

<u>Description</u>	Per K.R.S. 134.020
1. Due date for payment of taxes	Upon receipt
2. Face value amount payment date	by December 31
3. Delinquent dates,	
5% penalty, 12% interest	January 1 – January 31
20% penalty, 12% interest	After January 31

Vehicle taxes are collected by the County Clerk of Bracken County and are due and payable in the birth month of the vehicle's licensee

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Disposals</u>	Balance
Land and improvements	\$ 118,300	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 118,300
Buildings and improvements	1,634,125	98,657	(30,576)	1,702,206
Technology equipment	41,991	1,419	(2,547)	40,863
Vehicle	17,400	_	-	17,400
Furniture and fixtures	110,819	37,550	-	148,369
Library books	807,400	30,099	<u>-</u>	837,499
Total capital assets at cost	2,730,035	167,725	(33,123)	2,864,637
Accumulated depreciation	(1,288,757)	(96,756)	22,917	(1,362,596)
Total capital assets, net	\$ <u>1,441,278</u>	\$ <u>70,969</u>	\$ <u>(10,206)</u>	\$ <u>1,502,041</u>

NOTE 5 - EMPLOYEE'S PENSION PLAN

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description. Employees of the Library are provided with pensions through the County Employees Retirement System (CERS)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. Per Kentucky Revised Statute Section 78.782 and 61.645, the Kentucky Public Pensions Authority (KPPA) oversees the administration and operation of the personnel and accounting systems for the CERS. KPPA issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at https://kyret.ky.gov.

Benefits provided. CERS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Retirement benefits are calculated based on a formula (final compensation times a benefit factor times years of service) and may be extended to beneficiaries of plan members under certain circumstances. Disability benefits are determined in a similar manner as retirement benefits, but vary based upon hire date, age and years of service. Death benefits vary based upon whether the employee was retired or working at the date of death and whether or not it was a duty-related death.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 5 – EMPLOYEE'S PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

For retirement purposes, non-hazardous duty employees are grouped into three tiers, based on their hire date:

Tier 1 Participation date Before September 1, 2008
Unreduced Retirement 27 years service or 65 years old

Reduced Retirement At least 5 years service and 55 years old, or

At least 25 years service and any age

Tier 2 Participation date September 1, 2008 – December 31, 2013

Unreduced Retirement At least 5 years service and 65 years old, or

Age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87

Reduced Retirement At least 10 years service and 60 years old

Tier 3 Participation date On or after January 1, 2014

Unreduced Retirement At least 5 years service and 65 years old, or

Age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87

Reduced Retirement Not available

Employees are vested in the plan after five years of service. Cost of living adjustments are provided at the discretion of the Kentucky General Assembly. No COLA has been granted since July 1, 2011.

Contributions. Kentucky Revised Statute Section 78.545(33) grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the CERS Board of Trustees (the Board). Tier 1 employees are required to contribute 5% of their annual creditable compensation. Tier 2 and 3 employees are required to contribute 5% of their annual creditable compensation plus an additional 1% of creditable compensation which is credited to the Insurance Fund. Employers contribute at the rate determined by the Board. The actuarially determined rates set by the Board for the year ended June 30, 2022 was 26.95%, of which 21.17% was for the pension fund and 5.78% was for the insurance fund. Contributions to the pension plan from the Library were \$35,555 for the year ended June 30, 2022, of which \$27,930 was for the pension fund and \$7,625 was for the insurance fund.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the Library reported a liability of \$336,386 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation performed on June 30, 2020. The total pension liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date to the plan's fiscal year end, June 30, 2021, using generally accepted actuarial principles. There have been no actuarial assumption or method changes since June 30, 2020. The Library's proportionate share of the net pension liability was determined using the Library's actual contributions for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. This method was expected to be reflective of the Library's long-term contribution effort. At June 30, 2021, the Library's proportion was 0.005276%, which was an increase of 0.000283% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 5 – EMPLOYEE'S PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Library recognized pension expense of \$43,495. At June 30, 2022, the Library reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	ed Outflows Lesources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 3,863	\$	3,265		
Changes of assumptions	4,515		-		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	-		44,834		
Changes in proportion and differences between Library contributions and proportionate share of contributions	18,614		1		
Library contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$ 27,930 54,922	\$	48,100		

The \$27,930 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Library contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2023	\$ 5,900
2024	(3,362)
2025	(9,607)
2026	 (14,039)
	\$ (21,108)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.30%
Salary increases	3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service
Payroll growth rate	2.00%
Investment rate of return	6.25%

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 5 – EMPLOYEE'S PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

The mortality table used for active members was a Pub-2010 General Mortality table projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. The mortality table used for non-disabled retired members was a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019. The mortality table used for the disabled members was PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with a 4-year set-forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of July 1, 2013 - June 30, 2018.

Changes of assumptions. Since the prior measurement date, there were no changes in assumptions.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the funds receive the required employer contributions each future year, as determined by the current funding policy established in Statute as last amended by House Bill 362 (passed in 2018). The discount rate determination does not use a municipal bond rate.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return. The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rate of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class are summarized in the tables below:

		Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
US Equity	21.75%	5.70%
Non-US Equity	21.75%	6.35%
Private Equity	10.00%	9.70%
Specialty Credit/High Yield	15.00%	2.80%
Core Bonds	10.00%	0.00%
Cash	1.50%	-0.60%
Real Estate	10.00%	5.40%
Real Return	10.00%	4.55%
Total	100%	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 5 – EMPLOYEE'S PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the Library's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Library's proportionate share of the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 6.25%, as well as what the Library's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.25%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.25%) than the current rate:

		1%	(Current		1%		
	D	ecrease	count Rate	Increase				
	(5.25%)	(6.25%)	(7.25%)			
Library's proportionate shar	e of							
the net pension liability	\$	431,431	\$	336,386	\$	257,739		

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued KRS financial report.

Payables to the pension plan

The Library makes legally required contributions to the pension plan on a monthly basis. The monthly payment is due by the 10th of the following month. As of June 30, 2022, there was no payable to the pension plan.

NOTE 6 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan description. Employees of the Library are provided with health care benefits through the Kentucky Public Pensions Authority Insurance Fund (Insurance Fund)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer health insurance plan. The Insurance Fund is part of CERS. Per Kentucky Revised Statute Section 61.701, the CERS Board (the Board) of the Kentucky Public Pensions Authority (KPPA) administers the health insurance benefit. KPPA issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at https://kyret.ky.gov.

Benefits provided. The Insurance Fund provides hospital and medical insurance for eligible members receiving benefits from CERS. The eligible non-Medicare retirees are covered by the Department of Employee Insurance (DEI) plans. The eligible Medicare retirees receive benefits through a Medicare Advantage Plan. The amount of plan premium (contribution) paid by the Insurance Fund is based on years of service and participation date. For members participating prior to July 1, 2003, members completing 20 or more years of service received 100% contribution. Members completing 15 – 19 years, 10-14 years, and 4-9 years received 75%, 50%, and 25% respectively. Members completing less than 4 years of service receive no insurance benefit. As a result of House Bill 290, medical insurance benefits are calculated differently for members who began participating on, or after, July 1, 2003. Once members reach a minimum vesting period of 10 years, non-hazardous employees whose participation began on or after July 1, 2003, earn \$10 per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually, which is currently 1.5%, based upon Kentucky Revised Statutes. The monthly dollar contribution for 2021 is \$13.78 for CERS Non-hazardous employees. The Kentucky General Assembly reserves the right to suspend or reduce this benefit if, in its judgment, the welfare of the Commonwealth of Kentucky so demands.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 6 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Contributions. Kentucky Revised Statute Section 78.545(33) grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the Board of KRS. Tier 1 employees are not required to contribute to the insurance fund. Tier 2 and 3 employees are required to contribute 1% of their creditable compensation to the insurance fund. Employers contribute at the rate determined by the Board. As stated in Note 5 Employee's Pension Plan, the actuarially determined rates set by the Board for the year ended June 30, 2022 was 26.95%, of which 21.17% was for the pension fund and 5.78% was for the insurance fund. See Note 5 for contributions to the plan from the Library during the current fiscal year.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2022, the Library reported a liability of \$100,987 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation performed on June 30, 2020. The total OPEB liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date to the plan's fiscal year end, June 30, 2021, using generally accepted actuarial principles. There have been no actuarial assumption or method changes since June 30, 2020. The Library's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability was determined using the Library's actual contributions for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. This method is expected to be reflective of the Library's long-term contribution effort. At June 30, 2021, the Library's proportion was 0.005275%, which was an increase of 0.000283% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Library recognized OPEB expense of \$11,261. At June 30, 2022, the Library reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	ed Outflows esources	red Inflows Lesources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 15,880	\$ 30,151
Changes of assumptions	26,774	94
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	-	15,798
Changes in proportion and differences between Library contributions and proportionate share of contributions	5,870	365
Library contributions subsequent to the measurement date	10,948	 _
	\$ 59,472	 46,408

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 6 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

The \$10,948 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from Library contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	\$ 2,116
2026	 (5,024)
2025	1,343
2024	1,697
2023	\$ 4,100
Year ended June 30:	

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.30%
Payroll growth rate	2.00%
Salary increases	3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service
Investment rate of return	6.25%

Healthcare trend rates Pre - 65: Initial trend starting at 6.30% at January 1, 2023, and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate

of 4.05% over a period of 13 years

Post -65: Initial trend starting at 6.30% in 2023, then gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years

The mortality table used for active members is PUB-2010 General Mortality table, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. For non-disabled retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019. For disabled retired members, the mortality table used is the PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with a 4-year set-forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period ending June 30, 2020.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 6 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 5.20%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that local employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining 30-year (closed) amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The discount rate determination used an expected rate of return of 6.25% and a municipal bond rate of 1.92%, as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 30, 2021. However, the cost associated with the implicit employer subsidy was not included in the calculation of the System's actuarial determined contributions, and any cost associated with the implicit subsidy will not be paid out of the System's trusts. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to the future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is the same as disclosed in Note 5 Employee's Pension Plan. Additionally, the target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic nominal rates of return for each major asset class are the same as disclosed in Note 5.

Sensitivity of the Library's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Library's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, calculated using the discount rate of 5.20%, as well as what the Library's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.20%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.20%) than the current rate:

		1%		Current		1%		
	Decrea		Dis	count Rate	I	ncrease		
	(4.20%)	((5.20%)	(6.20%)			
Library's proportionate share	e of							
the net OPEB liability	\$	138,655	\$	100,987	\$	70,075		

Sensitivity of the Library's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare trend rate. The following presents the Library's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, calculated using the healthcare trend rate of noted above, as well as what the Library's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare trend rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

		1%		Current		1%
	D	ecrease	Health	care Trend Rate]	ncrease
Library's proportionate share	of					
the net OPEB liability	\$	72,699	\$	100,987	\$	135,132

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued KPPA financial report.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 6 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Payables to the OPEB plan

The Library makes legally required contributions to the OPEB plan on a monthly basis. The monthly payment is due by the 10th of the following month. See Note 5 Employee's Pension Plan for payable as of June 30, 2022.

NOTE 7 – CLAIMS AND JUDGEMENTS

The Library started withholding the employee portion of the social security tax and remitting both the employee and employer social security tax on taxable social security wages for full-time employees half way through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. The amount, if any, of social security tax that will be required to be paid on the prior taxable wages has not been determined at this time and is not reflected in the basic financial statements.

NOTE 8 – RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

In March 2020, the COVID-19 virus was declared a global pandemic as it continued to spread rapidly. Business continuity, including supply chains and consumer demand across a broad range of industries and countries, was severely impacted for months and may continue to impact the economy. The Library has been carefully monitoring the situation and evaluating its options during this time. The future effects of these issues are unknown; therefore, no adjustments have been made to these financial statements as a result of this uncertainty.

NOTE 9 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On August 23, 2022, the Library entered into an agreement to renew their copier lease with ProSource for 5 additional years at \$141 per month.

The Library has evaluated subsequent events through May 1, 2023, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued

SCHEDULE OF THE LIBRARY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

County Employees Retirement System

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2022	2021	2020	2020 2019		2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Library's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.005276%	0.004993%	0.004809%	0.004823%	0.004771%	0.002851%	0.002679%	0.003568%		
Library's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 336,386	\$ 382,959	\$ 338,219	\$ 293,735	\$ 279,261	\$ 140,362	\$ 115,202	\$ 115,746		
Library's covered-employee payroll	\$ 134,770	\$ 127,895	\$ 121,308	\$ 119,530	\$ 116,170	\$ 72,118	\$ 75,634	\$ 96,914		
Library's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	249.60%	299.43%	278.81%	245.74%	240.39%	194.63%	152.32%	119.43%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	57.33%	47.81%	50.45%	53.54%	53.32%	55.50%	59.97%	66.80%		

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of one-year prior to the fiscal year end.

SCHEDULE OF LIBRARY PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

County Employees Retirement System

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2022	202	21	2020		2019		2018	 2017	2	016	 2015		2014	2013
Contractually required contribution	\$ 27,930	\$ 2	26,011 \$	24,684	\$	19,676	\$	17,308	\$ 16,206	\$	8,957	\$ 9,643	\$	13,316	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ (27,930)	\$ (2	26,011) \$	(24,684)	\$	(19,676)	_\$_	(17,308)	\$ (16,206)	\$	(8,957)	\$ (9,643)	_\$	(13,316)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$		-	\$	_	\$	_	\$ -	\$	_	\$ -	\$	_	
Library's covered-employee payroll	\$ 140,170	\$ 13	34,770 \$	127,895	\$	121,308	\$	119,530	\$ 116,170	\$	72,118	\$ 75,634	\$	96,914	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	19.93%	F	19.30%	19.30%	_	16.22%		14.48%	13.95%		12.40%	12.75%		13.74%	

NOTES TO REQUIRED PENSION SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2022

Changes of benefit terms: The following changes were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30 listed below:

2009: A new benefit tier for members who first participate on or after September 1, 2008 was introduced which included the following changes:

- 1. Tiered structure for benefit accrual rates
- 2. New retirement eligibility requirements
- 3. Difference rules for the computation of final average compensation

2014: A cash balance plan was introduced for members whose participation date is on or after January 1, 2014.

Changes of assumptions. The following changes were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30 listed below:

2015

- The assumed investment rate of return was decreased from 7.75% to 7.50%.
- The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.50% to 3.25%.
- The assumed rate of wage inflation was reduced from 1.00% to 0.75%.
- Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.50% to 4.00%.
- The mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females).
- For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set-back 1 year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set-back 4 years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement. There is some margin in the current mortality tables for possible future improvement in mortality rates and that margin will be reviewed again when the next experience investigation is conducted.
- The assumed rates of retirement, withdrawal and disability were updated to more accurately reflect experience.

2017

- The assumed investment rate of return was decreased from 7.50% to 6.25%.
- The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 2.30%.
- The assumed payroll growth was reduced from 4.00% to 2.00%.
- The assumed salary increase was reduced from 4.00% to 3.05%.

2019

- The assumed salary increase was adjusted from 3.05% to between 3.30% and 10.30%, depending on service.
- For active members, the mortality table used is a Pub-2010 General Mortality table projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. For non-disabled retired members, the mortality table used is a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019. For disabled retired members, the mortality table used is a PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with a 4-year set-forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.

SCHEDULE OF THE LIBRARY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY

County Employees Retirement System

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	 2022		2021	 2020	 2019		2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Library's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.005275%		0.004992%	0.004808%	0.004823%		0.004771%					
Library's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 100,987	s	120,542	\$ 80,868	\$ 85,631	\$	95,913					
Library's covered-employee payroll	\$ 134,770	\$	127,895	\$ 121,308	\$ 119,530	s	116,170					
Library's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	74.93%		94.25%	66.66%	71.64%		82.56%					
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	62.91%	7	51.67%	60.44%	57.62%		52.39%		DV	/		

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of one-year prior to the fiscal year end.

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SCHEDULE OF LIBRARY OPEB FUND CONTRIBUTIONS

County Employees Retirement System

Last 10 Fiscal Years

				2021		2020		2019		2018		2017	2016	2015	2014	201
Contractually required contribution	\$	7,625	\$	6,415	\$	6,088	\$	6,381	\$	5,618	\$	5,495				
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$	(7,625)	\$	(6,415)	\$	(6,088)	_\$_	(6,381)	<u>\$</u>	(5,618)	\$	(5,495)				
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	_	<u>\$</u>	-	\$	_	\$	-		-	_\$_	_				
Library's covered-employee payroll	\$	140,170	\$	134,770	\$	127,895	\$	121,308	\$	119,530	\$	116,170				
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		5.44%		4.76%		4.76%		5.26%		4.70%		4.71%				

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NOTES TO REQUIRED OPEB SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2022

Changes of benefit terms: The following changes were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30 listed below:

2003: Medical insurance benefits are calculated differently for members who began participating on, or after, July 1, 2003.

Changes of assumptions. The following changes were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30 listed below:

2017

- The assumed investment rate of return was decreased from 7.50% to 6.25%.
- The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 2.30%.
- The assumed payroll growth was reduced from 4.00% to 2.00%.
- The assumed salary increase was reduced from 4.00% to 3.05%.
- The assumed healthcare trend rates for pre 65 members reduced from an initial trend starting at 7.50% and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 5.00% over a period of 5 years to an initial trend starting at 7.25% and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years.
- The assumed healthcare trend rates for post 65 members reduced from an initial trend starting at 5.5% and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 5.00% over a period of 2 years to an initial trend starting at 5.10% and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 11 years.

2018

- The assumed healthcare trend rates for pre 65 members reduced from an initial trend starting at 7.25% and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years to an initial trend starting at 7.00% and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 12 years.
- The assumed healthcare trend rates for post 65 members reduced from an initial trend starting at 5.10% and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 11 years to an initial trend starting at 5.00% and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 10 years.

2019

- The assumed salary increase was adjusted from 3.05% to between 3.30% and 10.30%, depending on service.
- For active members, the mortality table used is PUB-2010 General Mortality table, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. For non-disabled retired members, the mortality table used is the system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019. For disabled retired members, the mortality table used is a PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with a 4-year set-forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.

2020

• The assumed healthcare trend rates for pre – 65 members reduced from an initial trend starting at 7.00% and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 12 years to an initial trend starting at 6.40% and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 14 years.

NOTES TO REQUIRED OPEB SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2022

• The assumed healthcare trend rates for post – 65 members reduced from an initial trend starting at 5.00% and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 10 years to an initial trend starting at 2.90%, and increasing to 6.30% in 2023, then gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 14 years.

2021

- The assumed healthcare trend rates for pre 65 members reduced from an initial trend starting at 6.40% and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 14 years to an initial trend starting at 6.25% and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years.
- The assumed healthcare trend rates for post 65 members increased from an initial trend starting at 2.90% and increasing to a 6.30% in 2023, then gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 14 years to an initial trend starting at 5.50%, and gradually decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years.



BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

GENERAL FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2022

REVENUES:		iginal and nal Budget	В	Actual sudgetary Basis
Property taxes	\$	418,500	\$	478,690
Motor vehicle taxes	Ψ	40,000	Ψ	65,512
Grants		1,000		3,500
Miscellaneous income		9,000		8,846
Library fines and fees		1,000		1,239
Investment earnings		1,200		825
Donations		200		50
Total revenues		470,900		558,662
EXPENDITURES:				
Salaries and wages		159,768		154,316
Book collection expense		45,900		48,921
Employee benefit - retirement		37,000		35,555
Health insurance		23,500		28,276
Legal and professional		25,000		15,455
Automation		23,650		22,696
Maintenance and repairs		36,000		22,133
Utilities		13,000		20,196
Public relations		6,000		11,799
Insurance - other		14,100		11,636
Miscellaneous		5,000		11,049
Library and office supplies		8,500		10,866
Furniture and equipment		41,000		7,598
Payroll taxes		4,000		3,977
Meetings and training		5,000		4,344
Security		3,000		3,053
Telephone		2,000		3,004
Unemployment		2,000		2,411
Workers' compensation		2,500		2,201
Postage		200		217
Total expenditures		457,118		419,703
Excess revenues (expenditures)	***************************************	13,782		138,959
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in				-
Transfers out		-		(136,207)
	*************	_		
Net other financing sources (uses)		-		(136,207)
Net change in fund balance	\$	13,782	\$	2,752

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (CONTINUED) GENERAL FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2022

BUDGET TO GAAP RECONCILIATION:

A reconciliation of the cash basis actual amounts to the GAAP basis actual amounts in the fund statements follows:

		General Fund
Sources/revenues:	•	
Actual amounts (budgetary basis)	\$	558,662
Differences - budget to GAAP:		
The District budgets for property taxes and other		
revenues only to the extent expected to be received,		
rather than on the modified accrual basis		(122)
Total revenues as reported on the governmental		
funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and	•	~~~ ~ ·
changes in fund balances	\$	558,540
11/		
Uses/expenditures:	•	
Actual amounts (budgetary basis)	\$	419,703
Differences - budget to GAAP:		
The District budgets for expenditures	- Y	
only to the extent expected to be paid,		
rather than on the modified accrual basis		12,757
Total expenditures as reported on the governmental		
funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and	ø	122 160
changes in fund balances	3	432,460

NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

June 30, 2022

NOTE A - BUDGETING POLICIES

As commonly practiced in governmental entities, the Library's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than the generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) basis. The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis is the revenues and expenditures are recognized on a cash basis. Utilizing the cash basis, revenues are recorded when received in cash and expenditures are recorded when paid. Under the GAAP basis, revenues and expenditures are recorded on the modified accrual basis of accounting on the governmental fund statements and on the full accrual basis on the government-wide statements.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Trustees Bracken County Public Library Brooksville, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Bracken County Public Library, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Bracken County Public Library's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 1, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Bracken County Public Library's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bracken County Public Library's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bracken County Public Library's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Bracken County Public Library's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described below:

Noncompliance: The Library has not withheld the 1% Insurance Fund contribution from the employees

participating in the CERS.

Response: The Library will accurately withhold the Insurance Fund contribution from the employees

participating in the CERS.

Bracken County Public Library's Response to Findings

The Library's response to findings identified in our audit is described above. The Library's response was not subjected to auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Bramel & Ackley, P.S.C.

May 1, 2023